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B. Tech.

**(SEM III) EVEN SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2016-17
ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY**

[Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100]

Note- Attempt All Questions. All Questions carry equal marks:-**Q.1. Attempt any four parts of the following.****4x5=20**

- Explain physical significance of divergence and curl
- Write all four Maxwell's equations in point and integral form for time varying field.
- State Stokes theorem and Divergence Theorem
- Express $A = r \sin \theta a_r$ in Cartesian coordinates system
- Derive an expression for electric field intensity due to line charge density ρ_L
- Derive the boundary conditions between conductor-free space interfaces

Q.2. Attempt any four parts of the following.**4x5=20**

- Derive an expression for electric field intensity at any point due to an electric dipole.
- Find the stored energy in a system of four identical charges $q = 2\text{nC}$ at the corners of a square with sides 1m.
- Derive poisson's and Laplace's equations.
- State and explain uniqueness theorem.
- Verify stokes theorem for the vector $A = x^2 a_x + xy a_y$ integrated around the square, in the plane $z = 0$ whose sides are along the line $x=0, y=0, x=a$ and $y=a$.
- Determine the divergence of the vector $B = \rho z \sin \phi a_\rho + 3\rho z^2 \cos \phi a_\phi$ at $(5, \pi/2, 1)$.

Q.3. Attempt any TWO parts of the following.**10x2=20**

- Two extensive homogeneous isotropic dielectric meet on plane $z = 0$. For $z > 0$, $\epsilon_{r1} = 4$ and $z < 0$ $\epsilon_{r2} = 3$. A uniform electric field $E_1 = 5 a_x - 2 a_y + 3 a_z$ kV/m exist for $z > 0$. Determine
 - E_2 for $z < 0$
 - The angles E_1 and E_2 make with the interface.
- What is equipotential surface? Explain the method of images.
- State and explain ampere circuit law. A thin ring of radius 5 cm is placed on plane $z = 1$ cm so that its center is at $(0, 0, 1$ cm). If the ring carries 50 mA along a_ϕ find H at $(0, 0, -1$ cm).
- The magnetic field component of an EM wave propagating through a nonmagnetic medium ($\mu = \mu_0$) is $H = 25 \sin(2 \times 10^8 t + 6x) a_y$ mA/m determine:
 - The direction of wave propagation

(ii) The permittivity of the medium.

(iii) The electric field intensity.

Q.4. Attempt any **TWO** parts of the following.

10x2=20

- Describe biot-savart's law. A circular loop located on $x^2+y^2=9$, $z=0$ plane and carries a direct current of 10A along a_ϕ direction. Determine H at (0, 0, 4) and (0, 0, -4).
- Describe the magnetic boundary condition. Given that $H=24a_x-30a_y+40a_z$ kA/m in region 1, $Z>0$ with $\mu_r=50$. If $z=0$ separates regions 1 and 2 and carries $6a_x$ kA/m, determine the magnetic flux density in region 2, $z<0$, with $\mu_r=100$.
- State and explain Maxwell's equation in both differential and integral form for time varying field and also discuss its physical significance.
- Derive the expression for the capacitance of a coaxial capacitor. Two conducting spherical shells have radii $a=3$ cm and $b=6$ cm. The interior is a perfect dielectric for which $\epsilon_r=8$, calculate its capacitance.

Q.5. Attempt any **TWO** parts of the following.

10x2=20

- Discuss about diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic substances.
- Establish the boundary conditions between the two magnetic materials having different permeability's μ_1 and μ_2 . Also show that $\frac{\tan \theta_1}{\tan \theta_2} = \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2}$, where θ_1 and θ_2 are the angles with normal's in the region 1 and 2 respectively.
- Define electric potential and derive an expression for spherical capacitor
- Find E at point P (1,5,2) is in free space, if point charge of $6 \mu\text{C}$ is located at (0,0,1), the infinite line charge density $\rho_L=180 \text{ nc/m}$ along X axis and infinite sheet of charge with $\rho_s=25 \text{ nc/m}^2$ is over Z plane