

Paper Code: AS-301

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B.Tech
THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2016-17
MATHEMATICS-III

[Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100]

Note: Attempt *ALL* questions. Assume suitable data, if required. All question carry equal marks.

1. Attempt any two parts of the following: – (10x2 = 20)

(a) Find the values of A and B such that the function $f(z) = x^2 + Ay^2 - 2xy + i(Bx^2 - y^2 + 2xy)$, is analytic. Also find $f'(z)$ in term of z .

(b) Expand the function $\sin^{-1}z$ in powers of z .

(c) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos 2ax - \cos 2bx}{x^2} dx$, $a \geq b \geq 0$, by using contour integration.

2. Attempt any two parts of the following: – (10x2 = 20)

(a) Solve by Fourier transform method $\int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos \lambda x dx = e^{-\lambda}$

(b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of e^{-x^2}

(c) Find the Z – transform of $c^k \cos(ak)$, $k \geq 0$

3. Attempt any two parts of the following: – (10x2 = 20)

(a) Fit a straight line to the following data.

x	71	68	73	69	67	65	66	67
y	69	72	70	70	68	67	68	64

(b) The following data gives the marks of 10 students in the internal test and the university examination for the maximum of 50 each.

Internal marks(x)	25	28	30	32	35	36	38	39	42	45
University Marks (y)	20	26	29	30	25	18	26	35	35	46

Find the (i) two lines of regression (ii) the most likely internal mark for the university mark of 25 (iii) the most likely university mark for the internal mark of 30.

(c) If the mean of the Poisson distribution is 2. Find the probability for $r = 1, 2, 3$ from the recurrence relation. Given $e^{-2} = 0.1353$

4. Attempt any two parts of the following: – (10x2 = 20)

(a) Compute one root of $e^x - 3x = 0$, correct to two decimal places using bisection method.

(b) Find the value of $\sin 52^\circ$ from the following table by Newton's forward formula.

θ°	45°	50°	55°	60°
$\sin \theta^\circ$	0.7071	0.7660	0.8192	0.8660

(c) Apply Lagrange's formula to find $f(5)$ given that $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 4, f(3) = 8, f(4) = 16, f(7) = 128$. Explain why the result differs from 2^5

5. Attempt any two parts of the following: – (10x2 = 20)

(a) Solve the following system of linear equations by Gauss – Seidel method:

$$2x + 10y + z = 51 \qquad 10x + y + 2z = 44 \qquad x + 2y + 10z = 61$$

(b) Find the value of integral

$$\int_{0.5}^{0.7} x^{1/2} e^x dx \text{ by using Simpson's one – third rule taking } n = 8.$$

(c) Using Runge – Kutta method of fourth order, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ with $y(0) = 1$ for $x = 0.1$