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M.Tech.**(SEM III) ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2015-16****Electronic Instrumentation and Process Control**

[Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100]

Note- Attempt All Questions. All Questions carry equal marks:-

Q-1. Attempt any two

10 x 2 = 20

- Describe the different criteria for selection of transducers for a particular application.
- For a transducer, describe the following
 - Input Characteristics
 - Transfer Characteristics
 - Output Characteristic
- Describe the constructional details of a resistance potential divider and derive the expression for its output voltage when connected across a meter of finite impedance. Derive the condition for maximum error.

Q-2. Attempt any four

5 x 4 = 20

- Explain the construction of wire wound strain gauge and derive the expression for the gauge factor.
- What are the thermistors. Explain their different form of construction.
- Explain the construction and principle of working of a linear voltage differential transformer.
- Describe the different modes of operation of piezo-electric transducer and explain the application of piezo-electric transducers.
- Describe the method of measurement of different pressure using inductive and capacitive transducers.
- Explain the theory of radiation pyrometer.

Q-3. Attempt any four

5 x 4 = 20

- What are the different types of telemetering systems. Explain the land line telemetering system.
- Define amplitude modulation and modulation index. Use a sketch of a sinusoidally modulated AM waveform to help explain the definition.
- An AM broadcast station is transmitting at its assigned frequency of 880 kHz. The carrier is modulated by a 3.5 kHz sin wave. Determine the transmitted frequencies.
- Describe the salient features of AM and FM telemetry and compare and contrast them.
- Explain digital data acquisition systems.
- For an FM signal represented by the equation: $e = 10 \sin (8 \times 10^8 t + 7 \sin 6 \times 10^4 t)$ V. Determine (i) carrier frequency (b) modulating frequency (c) modulation index (d) maximum deviation.

Q-4. Attempt any four

5 x 4 = 20

- (a) A $4\frac{1}{2}$ digit voltmeter is used for voltage measurements. (a) find its resolution (b) how would 12.98 V be displayed on 10 V range
- (b) Explain the functions of a ramp type digital voltmeter.
- (c) What is an XY recorder? How do you distinguish it from a X-t recorder.
- (d) Explain the FM method of magnetic tape recording and explain its advantages and disadvantages.
- (e) Explain fibre optic transducers.
- (f) Describe smart sensors

Q-5. Attempt any two

10 x 2 = 20

- (a) Using operational amplifier realize a PID controller with separated P, I and D blocks. How the proportional, integral and derivative gains can be adjusted.
- (b) Describe the construction of pneumatic relay. What do you mean by the term derivative over run and integral windup.
- (c) Draw and explain the architecture of a PLC.