

Paper Code: ENV-22

Roll No.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

M.Tech.
(SEM II) EVEN SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2015-16
AIR & NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

[Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100]

Note: Attempt all five questions.

Q.1. Attempt any two parts of the following:

[10x2=20]

- (a) Define "Air Pollution" giving background air quality and classify primary and secondary air pollutants with examples. How secondary pollutants are formed in atmosphere?
- (b) Write down the ambient air quality standards for air pollutants as published by CPCB. A sample of air analyzed at 0°C and 1 atmospheric pressure is reported to contain 8 ppm of CO. Determine the equivalent CO concentration in micrograms per cubic meter and milligrams per cubic meter?
- (c) Explain relationship between source, medium and receptor. Describe the effect of Lead and PM₁₀ on human health with the help of suitable diagram of human respiratory system.

Q.2. Attempt any two parts of the following:

[10x2=20]

- (a) What do you mean by effective stack height? Determine the effective height of a stack given the following data:
 - i. Physical stack is 203 m tall with 1.07m inside diameter
 - ii. Wind velocity at 10m height= 3.56 m/sec
 - iii. Air temperature = 13 °C
 - iv. Barometric pressure = 1000 millibars
 - v. Stack gas velocity = 9.14 m/s
 - vi. Stack gas temperature = 149 °C
- (b) Describe the plume behaviors due to variation in lapse rate with the help of sketches. Explain wind rose.
- (c) Differentiate between :
 - i. Subsidence inversion and radiation inversion
 - ii. Environmental Lapse rate (ELR) and Adiabatic Lapse rate (ALR)

Q.3. Attempt any two parts of the following:

[10x2=20]

- (a) Calculate the air-fuel ratio of burning of propane (C₃H₈) with 130 percent theoretical air.
- (b) Derive Gaussian plume model equation and state its assumptions and limitations. How you will determine maximum ground level concentration?

- (c) Determine the efficiency of cyclone having the following characteristics of particle diameter = 10 μm , density = 1500 kg/m^3 , cyclone diameter = 0.5 m, gas flow rate = 4 m^3/sec , gas temperature = 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ and $\mu = 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$ kg/m.s .

Q.4. Attempt any two parts of the following:

[10x2=20]

- (a) Explain with a neat sketch, the principle and construction of fabric filter. Give applications. A fabric filter is to be constructed using bags that are 0.3 m in diameter and 6 m long. The baghouse is to receive 10 m^3/s of air, and the appropriate filtering velocity has been determined to be 2 m/min. determine the number of bags required for a continuously cleaned operation.
- (b) Define absorption as it relates to air pollution control devices. Name and describe four types of absorption units. Describe its advantage and disadvantage.
- (c) What is 'Vehicular Pollution'? What are the steps to control vehicular pollution?

Q.5. Attempt any four parts of the following:

[5x4=20]

- (a) Define 'Noise' and explain as to how and why it should be regarded as an environmental pollutant.
- (b) Derive relation between intensity of sound and distance from the source.
- (c) What are the sources and causes of noise pollution?
- (d) Write a short note on "Indoor Air Pollution".
- (e) 50 dB noise lasting for 55 minutes is followed by 90 dB noise lasting for 5 minutes. What is L_{eq} of this noise?
- (f) What are the methods to control noise pollution?